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## SEVENTH SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING) DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2010 based a final plan of the state of the s

## EC 04 705 D—SATELLITE COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

(2004 admissions) Del Balagori del Balagori

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

- I. (a) Write short note on period, velocity and position of a satellite.
  - (b) Write a brief note on Hohmann transfer.
  - (c) Explain the satellite tracking system.
  - (d) Briefly explain the various amplifiers used in Earth station.
  - (e) Write a note on footprint.
  - (f) For an earth station transmitter with an output power of 40 dBW (10,000W), a back-off loss of 3 dB, a total branching and feeder loss of 3dB, and a transmit antenna gain of 40 dB, determine the Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP).
  - (g) How to measure and calculate the effects of Intermodulation Noise?
  - (h) What is the need for a Multiple access techniques?

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

II. (a) Discuss in detail about the geostationary satellites and their launching.

Or

(b) Explain in detail about the atmospheric drag and radiation pressure on the satellite's orbit.

(15 marks)

III. (a) Discuss in detail about the Spacecraft Subsystems.

Or

(b) What are the four main types of antennas used in Spacecraft? Explain each of them in detail.

(15 marks)

IV. (a) (i) Derive the Friis transmission equation.

(10 marks)

(ii) How Friis transmission equation is used to calculate the received power of an earth station?

(5 marks)

(b) Explain in detail about Very Small Aperture Terminal (VSAT) and its design issu	les.
SEVENTH SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING) DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 201: tuoda liated ni nialgx3 (a) .V	(15 marks
(i) Spread Spectrum and MALIMMOO STILLISTAR- O GOT 40 ON	(8 marks
(ii) Frequency Hopping techniques in detail.	(7 marks
Or Waxanan 100 Marks	
(b) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of TDMA and FDMA.	(15 marks
Vrite a brief note on Hohmann transfer.	
explain the satellite tracking system.	
Stieffy explain the various amplifiers used in Earth station.	i (h)
For an earth station transmitter with an output power of 40 dBW (10,000W), a back-off loss of 3dB, a ratar branching and reeder loss of 3dB, and a transmit autennayain of 40 dB, determine the Effective Isotopic Backd Power (EJRP)	
Versities the need for a 51 all $\phi$ and we could quast (8 × 5 = 40 marks)	
<ul> <li>How Frim transmission equation is used to calculate the received power of an earth station?</li> <li>(5 marks)</li> </ul>	