

B.E / B.Tech (Part - time) DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, APRIL / MAY 2014
Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering
Second Semester
PTEC8202- ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT I
(Regulation R2013.)

Time: 3 Hours

Answer ALL Questions

Max. Marks 100

PART-A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

1. How MOSFET (N channel) has to be biased to function as amplifier?
2. What are factors that affect the stability of the operating point?
3. In a common base amplifier circuit the input resistance is 58Ω , find the trans conductance of the active device.
4. What are the ideal characteristics of difference amplifier?
5. Draw a common gate MOSFET amplifier circuit with biasing arrangement.
6. Compare voltage gain of JFET amplifier in all three configurations.
7. Why gain drops at high frequencies?
8. BJT CE amplifier with gain of -10 has $cb'c = 3pf$ and $cb'e = 101pf$. Calculate the Miller's capacitance of input and output ports of the amplifier.
9. In MOS current source $I_{ref} = 100\mu A$, find the output current if aspect ratio of diode connected MOS is $5/1$ and that of output MOS is $3/1$.
10. Draw a MOSFET amplifier in common source configuration using NMOS diode as active load.

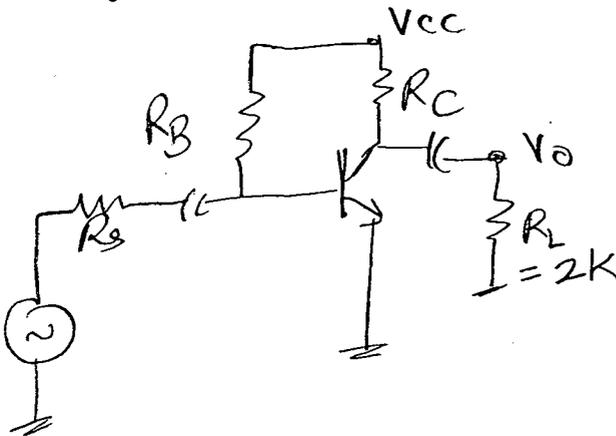
Part - B (5 x 16 = 80 marks)

11. (i) Explain self biasing circuit of BJT and JFET with circuit diagrams (6)
(ii) Explain the compensation methods to stabilize the operating point (6)
(iii) How an AC load will affect limit the swing of the amplifier, illustrate graphically (4)

12. (a) Draw a Bootstrapped CC amplifier with AC resistive load and with equivalent circuit derive for A_v , R_i , A_i and R_o

(OR)

12. (b) For the circuit shown draw the small signal equivalent circuit and calculate A_{vs} , A_{is} , R_{in} and R_o .



$h_{fe} = 100$
 $I_{CO} = 1mA$
 $R_C = 5K$
 $R_B = 5K$
 $R_B = 3.8M\Omega$

- 13.(a)(i) Draw a JFET common drain amplifier and perform small signal analysis and obtain the expression for A_v , R_{in} and R_o for both the circuits. (12)
- (ii) Find the transconductance of a JFET with $I_{DSS} = 12\text{mA}$ and $V_{gs\text{off}} = -4\text{V}$ and $V_{gs} = -2\text{V}$. (4)

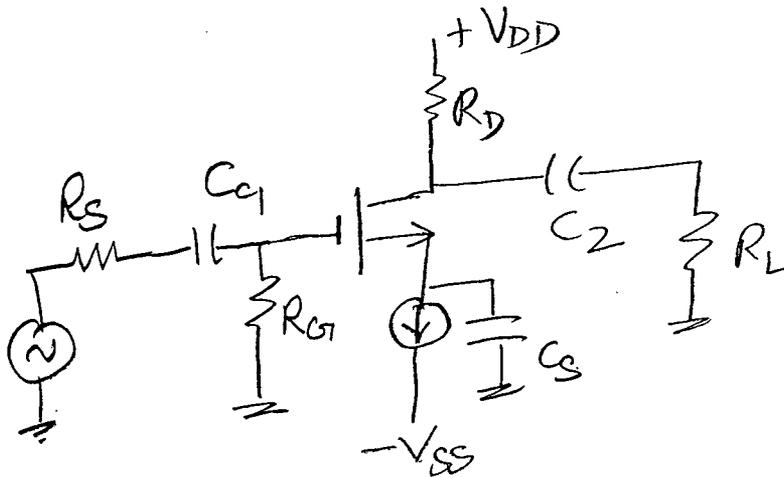
(OR)

- 13.(b)(i) Draw a discrete MOSFET Common Gate amplifier circuit and perform small analysis and obtain expressions for A_v , R_{in} and R_o . (12)
- (ii) Find the drain current of a MOSFET with $U_{nCo} = 200\mu\text{A/V}^2$ ($\omega/L = 3/1$) and overdrive voltage $(V_{gs} - V_t) = 1.2\text{V}$. when the working in Triode region (4)

- 14.(a) Draw a Cascode amplifier .With equivalent circuit derive for mid band gain. Write the expressions for lower and Higher cut off frequencies $R_L \neq \infty$ and $R_S \neq 0$

(OR)

- 14.(b) For the circuit shown find the cut-off frequencies due to C_1 and C_2 and higher cut-off frequencies due to C_{gs} and C_{gd} . Also find the mid band gain and gain at cut-off frequencies



$$R_S = 100\text{k}\Omega$$

$$R_G = 4.7\text{M}\Omega$$

$$R_D = R_L = 15\text{k}\Omega$$

$$g_m = 1\text{mA/V}$$

$$r_{io} = 150\text{k}\Omega$$

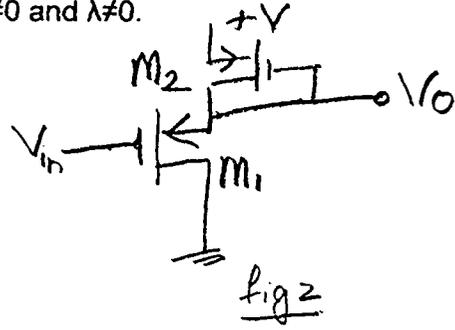
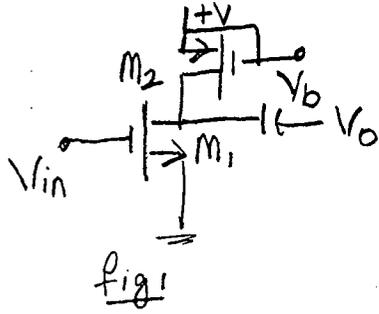
$$C_{gs} = 1\text{pF}$$

$$C_{gd} = 0.4\text{pF}$$

$$C_1 = C_2 = 10\mu\text{F}$$

$$C_S = 100\mu\text{F}$$

15(a) For the amplifiers shown derive for the resistance of active load with small signal circuit and also derive for the voltage gain with $\eta \neq 0$ and $\lambda \neq 0$.



(OR)

15.(b) (i) Calculate CMRR of NMOS differential amplifier with PMOS current source as active load

(8)

Data given: $(w/L)_n = 100$

$V_{An} = |V_{Ap}| = 20V$

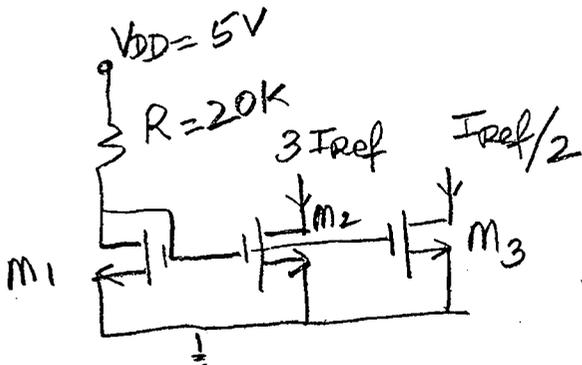
$(w/L)_p = 200$

$I = 0.8mA$

$\mu_{nCo} = 2\mu_{pCo} = 200\mu A/V^2$ $R_{ss} = 25k\Omega$
 (current source o/p resistance)

(ii) Design a multiple output current source shown below

(8)



$\mu_{nCo} = 200\mu A/V^2$
 $V_{gs} = 1.6V$
 $V_{tn} = 0.7V$