## B.Tech 5th Semester Exam., 2014

## COMPUTER NETWORKS

Time: 3 hours Full Marks: 70

## Instructions:

- (i) All questions carry equal marks.
- (ii) There are **EIGHT** questions in this paper.
- (iii) Attempt FIVE questions in all.
- (iv) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 1. Write short answer for any seven of the following:
  - Differentiate among circuit switching, packet switching and message switching.
  - Compute the bit rate for a 12000 basic baud using 32-QAM signal.
  - Compute the signal-to-noise ratio in dB of a link with channel capacity 80 Mbps and bandwidth of 8 MHz.
  - Differentiate between 1-persistent CSMA and P-persistent CSMA protocols.

- Describe Nyquist theorem.
- What is flooding? How to reduce resource consumption in the network?
- What is sliding window mechanism?
- Differentiate between connectionless and connection-oriented services.
- What is pulse-amplitude modulation? What are its disadvantages?
- What is dotted decimal notation in IP addressing?
- Using differential Manchester encoding scheme, draw the time vs. amplitude graphs for the bit stream 0101101001.
  - In a digital system with 8 input links are multiplexed using STDM. Each input source is creating 1024 bits per second. Each frame contains 8 bits from each source and adds 1 bit as a framing bit. Compute the number of frames transmitted per second, and the data capacity of the link.
- A channel has a bit rate of 4 kbps and a propagation delay of 20 milliseconds. For what range of frame size does stop-and-wait give an efficiency of at least 50 percent?
  - (b) Compute the CRC for an 8-bit sequence 10100001 and a divisor of 3x+1.

- 4. (a) Describe the design issues for the layers. Also give the diagram for TCP/IP model with protocols and layers.
  - (b) Why is slot reservation needed in DQDB? Describe the slot reservation method used in DODB.
- 5. (a) Differentiate between adaptive and non-adaptive routing algorithms.
  - (b) How does link state routing take care of the problem of wrapping of sequence numbers, crashing of routers and corruption of sequence number?
- 6. (a) Why does UDP exist? Would it not have been enough to just let user processes send raw IP packets? Justify.
  - (b) What is the purpose of the following fields in TCP segment header?
    - (i) Urgent pointer
    - (ii) Six 1-bit flags
    - (iii) Window size

- 7. (a) What is the purpose of fragment offset and time to live field in IP diagram? Explain.
  - (b) A TCP machine is sending windows of 65535 bytes over a 1 Gbps channel that has a 10-millisecond one-way delay. What is the maximum through put achievable? What is the line efficiency?
- 8. Write short notes on any two of the following:
  - (a) Modulation and encoding
  - (b) Queuing theory
  - (c) Telnet

\* \* \*