Code: 302205

## BBA 2nd Semester Exam., 2014

## INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY IN MANAGEMENT—2

## ( Management Information System )

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 60

## Instructions:

- (i) The marks are indicated in the right-hand margin.
- (ii) There are **SEVEN** questions in this paper.
- (iii) Attempt FIVE questions in all.
- (iv) Question Nos. 1 and 2 are compulsory.
- 1. Choose the correct options (any six): 2×6=12
  - (a) MIS stands for
    - (i) Management Instructions System
    - (ii) Management Intelligence System
    - (iii) Management Information System
    - (iv) None of the above
  - (b) Simon's model of decision making includes which one of the following in order of execution?
    - (i) Design, intelligence, choice
    - (ii) Choice, design, intelligence
    - (iii) Analysis, choice, design
    - (iv) Intelligence, design, choice

- (c) Which one of the following statements is not correct?
  - (i) A closed system does not react with external changes
  - (ii) A democratic system of government is an example of non-adaptive system
  - (iii) A deterministic system is one whose output is certain
  - (iv) Every system must have a central objective
- (d) Processed data lead to
  - (i) information /
  - (ii) intelligence
  - (iii) knowledge
  - (iv) All of the above
- (e) Select the correct statement.
  - (i) GDSS is not necessarily a collaborative one
  - (ii) GDSS facilitates the solution of structured problems only
  - (iii) GDSS is an interactive computerbased system
  - (iv) Support staff in GDSS is not required

	Which one of the following is incorrect
	in the context of GDSS?
	(i) Open/collaborative/group meeting
	atmosphere
	(ii) Improved pre-planning
	(iii) Denial to external information
	(iv) Preservation of 'organisation memory'
)	Which of the following can be attributed
	to expert system characteristics?
	(i) Capturing the expertise
	(ii) Saving the human expert's time
	(iii) Duplicating and transferring the
	expertise
	(iv) All of the above
)	
	describe 'metadata'?
	(i) Data dictionary
	(ii) Data flow diagram
	(iii) Data warehouse
	(iv) Data mining
	Organisation structure
	(i) is a term used to describe the
	hierarchy and levels of management
	(ii) is a cell structure
	(iii) means how big the organisation is
	(iv) None of the above
	(iv) rione or the above

		s s	
	(j)	Usually management is considered to have —— level(s).	
		(i) 1	
		(ii) 2 ·	
		(iii) 3	
		(iυ) 5	
2.		wer the following short essay-type stions (any three): 4×3=	12
	(a)	Differentiate between data and information.	
	(b)	Explain 'information economy'.	
	(c)	Explain about programmed and non-programmed decisions.	
	(d)	What are the benefits of ERP?	
	(e)	Explain the characteristics of decision support system.	
3.	of a	fine a system. What are the characteristics a good system? Explain different types of stem.	12
4.		nat is DSS? Explain different components DSS.	12
5.	Wr	ite an essay on ERP.	12

2.

3.

6. Explain the following:

6×2=12

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- (a) Role of information in an organisation
- (b) Artificial intelligence framework
- 7. Write short notes on any three of the following:  $4\times3=12$ 
  - (a) Interface characteristics of DSS
  - (b) Data warehouse
  - (c) Salient features of organisation
  - (d) ESS
  - (e) Information requirements at different levels of management

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