# (DCE 421)

# **B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY - 2015**

# (Examination at the end of Final Year)

# **CIVIL ENGINEERING**

## **Paper - I : Advanced Design of Structures**

## Time : 3 Hours

## Maximum Marks: 75

<u>Answer ONE question from each unit</u>  $(5 \times 15 = 75)$ 

## <u>UNIT – I</u>

An R.C. Intz-type water tank supported on six columns is required to store 2,00,000 litres of water. Design the Intz type water tank with the following data :

Height of staging above ground level = 12 mts.

 $SBC = 150 \text{ kN/m}^2$ 

Basic wind pressure =  $2 \text{ kN/m}^2$ 

Use  $M_{20}$  grade concrete and  $Fe_{415}$  grade steel.

#### OR

2) Design a circular tank of capacity 1,60,000 litres. The depth of tank is limited to 3.0 metres. The tank is resting on rigid base. The materials used are  $M_{25}$  grade and Fe <sub>415</sub> steel. Assume  $\mu = 0$ . Adopt of I.S. method of design.

#### <u>UNIT - II</u>

- 3) a) Describe briefly the main components of concrete bridge structure with a help of neat sketches.
  - b) List out the various loads, forces and stresses to be considered while designing road bridges and explain in detail any four (two forces, two loads) among them.

#### OR

- 4) Design a reinforced concrete slab culvert for a national highway to suit the following :
  - a) Carriage way : Two lane (7.5 m wide)
  - b) Foot paths : 1.2 m on either side.
  - c) Clear span = 5.5 m
  - d) Leading IRC class AA tracked vehicle Use M<sub>20</sub> grade concrete and Fe <sub>415</sub> steel.

## <u>UNIT - III</u>

5) Design a T-beam bridge for the following data :

Clear width of roadway = 7 m

Span centre of centre of bearings = 16 m

Live load = one lane of class AA or two lanes of class A loading

Average thickness of wearing coat = 8 cm

Use  $M_{20}$  concrete fordeck slab and  $M_{15}$  concrete for Beams. Take unit weight of concrete as 24000 N/m<sup>3</sup>.

### OR

- 6) Explain in detail the following with the help of neat sketches.
  - a) Pigeaud's Method for computation of slab moments.
  - b) Courbon's method for computation of moments in girders.

## <u>UNIT – IV</u>

7) Design a pier for the following data : Superstructure : Simply supported T-beam of 22.3m span Foundation : Well foundation Dimensions : As shown in Fig.1 Dead load from each span : 2450 kN Reaction due to live load on one span = 900 kN Maximum mean velocity of current = 3.6 m/sec. Material for plan : Cement concrete M<sub>20</sub> grade Live load : IRC class AA (or) class A whichever produces serve effect. Only the straight portion of the pier will be considered in design. It is required to check the adequacy of the dimensions.



### Dimensions of pier

8) Design a central pier for the following data : Superstructure = T – beam bridge 25 m span.
Foundation = Well foundation
Dead load from each span = 2500 kN
Mean velocity of flowing water =1000 kN
Materials = 2.75 mps

Design straight length of pier.

## <u>UNIT – V</u>

- *9)* a) Distinguish between expansion and fixed bearings.
  - b) What are the general requirements that make electrometric bearings the most ideal for bridges?

## OR

10) Write in a detailed manner about the various types of foundations for bridges.

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