[Total No. of Questions - 9] [Total No. of Printed Pages - 4] (2123)

1380

B. Tech 5th Semester Examination Hydrology (O.S.) CE-5003

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answerbook (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note: The question paper consists of five Sections A, B, C, D and E. A candidate is required to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each section A, B, C and D and all subparts of Section E. Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.

SECTION - A

- Prepare a simple schematic diagram of the hydrologic cycle identifying the key sources of precipitation (P), evaporation (E), transpiration (T), surface runoff (R), infiltration (I) and ground water flow (G).
- 2. (a) Briefly explain the Arithmetic mean and Theissen's Polygon method used to estimate the areal precipitation.
 - (b) A 3-hour storm occurred at a place and the precipitations in the neighbouring rain-gauge stations P, Q and R were measured as 3.8, 4.1 and 4.5 cm, respectively. The precipitation in the neighbouring station S could not be measured. The normal precipitation in the four stations P, Q, R and S were 45, 48, 53 and 50 cm, respectively. Estimate the storm precipitation at station S. (10+10=20)

1380/1700 [P.T.O.]

SECTION - B

- 3. Estimate the amount of annual Evapotranspiration (ET) in mm from a watershed having an area of 20,000 km² if the watershed receives 100 mm of rain over the year and the river draining the area has an annual flow rate of 100 m³/s. (20)
- 4. The infiltration rate for the excess rainfall over a small watershed was observed to be 100 mm/h in the beginning of a rainstorm, which decreases exponentially to an equilibrium rate of 10 mm/h after 10 hours. The watered infiltered during the 10 hours was measured as 100 mm. Estimate the value of 'k' for the Horton's equation. (20)

SECTION - C

- 5. (a) Briefly define unit hydrograph and give two important underlined assumptions associated with the unit hydrograph linear model.
 - (b) The 30-min unit hydrograph for a 2.25 km² urban catchment is given below:

Time (min)	0	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300	330	360	390
Runoff (m³/s)	0	1.2	2.8	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.92	0.75	0.62	0.5	0.28	0.18	0

Estimate the runoff resulting from the following storm occurring over the catchment.

Time (min)	Rainfall excess (cm)
0-30	3.0
30-60	2.5
60-90	1.8

(10+10=20)

- 6. (a) Describe the principle involved in the measurement of stream flow by the dilution method. What are the requisites of a good tracer used in the dilution method?
 - (b) Three points on a smooth curve drawn to best represent the stage-discharge data of a stream have the following co-ordinates:

Stage y (m)	315.56	316.44	318.73
Runoff Q(m³/s)	50	250	1250

Develop an equation of the form Q = K(y - a) b. (10+10=20)

SECTION - D

- 7. (a) Define 'transmissibility' and 'storage coefficient' of an aquifer.
 - (b) Calculate the discharge from a tube well of 200 mm diameter penetrating fully confined aquifer of 20-m thick having a permeability of 40 m/day. The drawdown in the well is 3 m and at 300 m from the well is zero. If the diameter of the well is doubled, find the percentage increase in the yield, the other conditions remaining the same.

 (8+12=20)
- 8. Distinguish between:
 - (i) Specific capacity of a well and specific yield of an aquifer.
 - (II) Aquifer and acuiclude.
 - (iii) Open well and tube well.
 - (iv) Water table and artesian aquifers (20)

[P.T.O.]

4 1380

SECTION - E

- 9. Answer all the parts:
 - (a) List out the state and central agencies which are undertaking the hydrological data in our country.
 - (b) Distinguish between cyclone and anticyclone.
 - (c) Explain normal ratio method of estimating missing rainfall data.
 - (d) Distinguish between instantaneous and synthetic unit hydrograph.
 - (e) List out the factors that influence the selection of a site for a stream gauging station. (5×4=20)